Pysical Educati Year 2	on EYFS - Medium Term Pla Jumping & Ball S	-
	<b>Essential Knowledge &amp; End Points</b> , in different directions, at different speeds, different levels, heights and distances. Pupils why we jump, using our head, arms and feet, applying the basic jumping technique.	Key Vocabulary Hopping, speed, landing, jumping, distance
	ty to push, roll and bounce a ball with control. They will learn to move the ball into spaces, vill develop their concentration skills by focusing on the ball as they move it. Pupils will use their imagination as they take part in game activities.	Space, control, defender, bouncing, rolling,
	Knowledge	As Athletes, we
Session 1:	To explore jumping in a variety of ways.	<ul> <li>Explore jumping, in different directions, at different</li> <li>Jump and land safely.</li> <li>Move into spaces avoiding other pupils, adjust our other pupils.</li> </ul>
	To explore different ways of pushing a ball. To learn the meaning of the word control and s understand why it is important to keep the ball close to them.	<ul><li>Push with their dominant hand.</li><li>Focus on the ball when pushing it around a space.</li></ul>
Session 2:	To begin to jump efficiently.	<ul> <li>Explore how and why we jump, using our head, ar technique.</li> <li>Jump and land safely.</li> <li>Experiment moving in different ways.</li> </ul>
	To explore different ways of using our hands when rolling a ball and to continue to un how to control a ball.	<ul> <li>Roll a ball with increasing control.</li> <li>Roll with their dominant hand.</li> <li>Focus on the target when rolling towards it.</li> </ul>
Session 3:	To develop their jumping technique applying it into a game.	<ul> <li>Continue to explore how and why we jump, using basic jumping technique.</li> <li>Move into spaces avoiding other pupils and adjust other pupils.</li> <li>Jump and land safely and experiment moving in diagonal statement in the statement moving in diagonal statement mov</li></ul>
	To explore different ways of bouncing a ball.	<ul> <li>Dribble (pat or bounce) a ball with increasing cont</li> <li>Dribble (pat or bounce) with their dominant hand.</li> <li>Move into spaces avoiding other pupils.</li> <li>Adjust their speed and change direction to avoid or</li> </ul>
	To explore jumping for distance.	<ul> <li>Will be able to identify space and jump (move) into</li> <li>Will take turns jumping applying the correct techn</li> <li>Jump and land safely and experiment moving in di</li> <li>Play by the rules and encourage our partners.</li> </ul>
Session 4:	To continue to explore and develop different ways of bouncing a ball whilst moving in	<ul> <li>Dribble (pat or bounce) a ball with increasing cont</li> <li>Dribble (pat or bounce) with their dominant hand.</li> <li>Move into spaces avoiding other pupils.</li> <li>Adjust their speed and change direction to avoid or</li> </ul>







ce, height, space.

g, pushing, target.

e will...

rent speeds and different levels.

our speed, and change direction to avoid

arms and feet, applying the basic jumping

ng our head, arms and feet, applying the

ust our speed and change direction to avoid

different ways.

ntrol. nd.

d other pupils

into it. hnique to jump for distance. different ways.

ntrol. nd.

d other pupils



Session 5:	To explore jumping for height. To continue to explore different ways of rolling and pushing a ball. To work with a partner and begin to understand why it is important to be part of a team.	<ul> <li>Will take turns jumping applying the correct techn</li> <li>Jump and land safely and experiment moving in di</li> <li>Explore jumping on one foot, two feet and landing</li> <li>Push and roll a ball with increasing control.</li> <li>Push and roll with our dominant hand.</li> <li>Follow a partner thorough a gate, pushing or rollin</li> <li>Play by the rules and work with a partner.</li> </ul>
	To explore hopping in a variety of ways; in different directions, at different speeds and different levels.	<ul> <li>Jump and land safely and experiment moving in d</li> <li>Identify and move into spaces avoiding other pupi markers using jumps and hops.</li> <li>Adjust our speed and change direction to avoid ot the markers.</li> </ul>
Session 6:	To explore different ways of rolling, pushing and bouncing a ball with a partner. To learn the meaning of the word defender and what this means when playing games.	<ul> <li>Push and roll a ball with increasing control.</li> <li>Push and roll with our dominant hand.</li> <li>Dribble (pat or bounce) a ball with increasing cont into spaces avoiding the defenders.</li> <li>Adjust our speed and change direction to avoid th</li> <li>As defenders, try to gain possession of balls.</li> </ul>





#### hnique to jump for height. different ways. ing balanced.

#### lling a ball.

different ways. pils and the		
other pupils and		
	Assessment	
	opportunity	
ntrol and move		
ntrol and move the defenders.		



Pysical Educa Year 2	ation	ear 1 - Medium Term Planning r Adventurous Activities (OA	-	
They will learn to move evelop their concentration	Prior Learning Links ability to push, roll and bounce a ball with control. the ball into spaces, avoiding defenders. Pupils will on skills by focusing on the ball as they move it. Pupils	Essential Knowledge & End To understand that symbols in a legend represent in know some orienteering symbols; To interpret a s understanding to real-world concrete materials; between satellite images, the orienteering map Pupils will be able to send a ball towards a target, technique and aiming carefully. Pupils will also be at ball. Pupils will demonstrate developing concentration	real-world features; To imple map & transfer To make connections and the real-world. , applying the correct ole to receive and stop a tion skills as they focus	Key Legend, map, symbol Position, sh above, below, to Possession, space, control, a
will use their ima	gination as they take part in game activities.	on the target, their partner and th	e ball.	As Athletes, we w
Session 1:	To understand that symbols in a legend r	epresent real-world features. To interpret a simple inding to real-world concrete materials.	<ul><li>grid map, progra</li><li>Discuss effective</li><li>Compete in race from a peer.</li></ul>	ork within a group to make a real-w
	To develop bouncing (dribbling). Pupils will understand why we need to keep the ball away from the defender and will explore different ways of sending (passing) the ball to their partner.		<ul> <li>Dribble (bounce) the ball with control?</li> <li>Dribble (bounce) the ball with one hand with control hands with control.</li> <li>Move the ball around the space keeping away from Pass the ball with control and accuracy towards accuracy towards and accuracy towards accuracy t</li></ul>	
Session 2:		To understand that symbols in a legend represent real-world features and interpret a simple map & transfer their understanding to real-world concrete materials.		e a rea word representation through ms and work collaboratively. and strategies with team members.
	To explore and develop different ways of sending a ball (passing) accurately using our hands.		<ul> <li>Pass a ball towards a target using their hands. Use their bodies to aim (fingers, arms, feet etc).</li> <li>Pass the ball with control.</li> <li>Understand the meaning of, 'control' and 'aiming'</li> </ul>	
Session 3:	,	To understand that symbols in a legend represent real-world features and interpret a simple map & transfer their understanding to real-world concrete materials.		a rea word representation through ferent stipulations (running, skipping vith team members. ly to team members.
	· · · · · ·	To develop their understanding of why we aim when sending a ball. To learn why we need to send a ball using different force and speeds.		ards a target using their hands. to aim (fingers, arms, feet etc). t and slow. en we need to roll the ball fast and v e meaning of, 'control' and 'aiming'.







# Vocabulary

- shape, square, rectangle, circle, left, right, top, bottom, centre, point.
- attackers, dribbling, accuracy, power.

#### will...

-world representation in a grid to match the

in a grid corresponding to an instruction

ace items and check they are accurately

trol and dribble (bounce) the ball with two

om the defenders. target. gh copying a map and by using a legend

sh copying a map and by using a legend

ing, galloping, hopping).

when we need to roll the ball slow.



	To recognise a variety of common orienteering map symbols & match them to their real-world features.	<ul> <li>Travel to the real-world feature that corresponds</li> <li>Compare map symbols to images and determine w</li> <li>As a group, complete a school grounds wall and co</li> </ul>
Session 4:	To explore different ways of stopping a ball with our hands.	<ul> <li>Pupils stop the ball.</li> <li>Move their body in line with the ball.</li> <li>Concentrate on the ball and watch the ball.</li> <li>Understand why they need to stop the ball</li> </ul>
Session 5:	To recognise the school orienteering map as a representation of the school grounds. To begin to use known features on the orienteering map to help navigate from the start to controls	<ul> <li>Understand and discuss similarities and difference maps (of school grounds)</li> <li>Participate in STAR orienteering and navigate the s</li> <li>Complete STAR orienteering course using phonics</li> </ul>
	To develop different ways of stopping a ball with our hands, preventing pupils from passing the ball. To combine their sending and receiving skills, applying their prior knowledge of where we send a ball and why.	<ul> <li>Stop the ball and send the ball with control.</li> <li>Pass a ball towards a target using their hands.</li> <li>Use our bodies to aim (fingers, arms, feet etc).</li> <li>Concentrate on the ball and watch the ball.</li> </ul>
Session 6:	To recognise the school orienteering map as a representation of the school grounds. To begin to use known features on the orienteering map to help navigate from the start to controls	<ul> <li>Understand and discuss similarities and difference google map and orienteering maps (of school grou</li> <li>Participate in STAR orienteering and navigate the s grounds using the map.</li> <li>Work in teams to navigate the map and identify in control markers.</li> </ul>
	To combine their sending and receiving skills to keep possession of the ball.	<ul> <li>Stop the ball and send the ball with control.</li> <li>Pass a ball towards a target using their hands.</li> <li>Use our bodies to aim (fingers, arms, feet etc).</li> <li>Concentrate on the ball and watch the ball.</li> <li>Pass the ball towards a target using our hands.</li> </ul>





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whether they match.
count symbol features.

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e school grounds using the map. cs an physical exercises.

ces between ounds) e school		
images on	Assessment opportunity	



Pysical Educat Year 2		ear 2 - Medium Term Planning or Adventurous Activities (OA		
To understand that symbols some orienteering sy understanding to real-world	Prior Learning Links in a legend represent real-world features; To know mbols; To interpret a simple map & transfer concrete materials; To make connections between the orienteering map and the real-world.	Essential Knowledge & End To know the 4 cardinal directions and use these challenges; To know more orienteering symbols; To the orienteering map to navigate from the s	to complete outdoor use known features on	Key Legend, map, symbol Position, s above, below, top, bottom, card
technique and aiming care ball. Pupils will demonstrat	nd a ball towards a target, applying the correct fully. Pupils will also be able to receive and stop a te developing concentration skills as they focus on get, their partner and the ball.	Pupils will be able to dribble, pass and move with They will combine these skills to score points. Pup partner and team members, developing an un consequences in a game when mistake	oils will focus on their derstanding of the	Attacker, defender, opp
	Knov	vledge		As Athletes, we
Session 1:	To understand that symbols in a legend r map & transfer their understa	represent real-world features. To interpret a simple anding to real-world concrete materials. ar 1 Lesson 2)	<ul><li>(key).</li><li>Compete in tear</li><li>Discuss tactics a</li></ul>	a rea word representation through ms and work collaboratively. and strategies with team members.
	To develop dribbling in order to keep control and possession of the ball.		<ul> <li>Dribble (bounce) the ball with control.</li> <li>Dribble (bounce) the ball with one hand and two here with the ball around the space keeping away from Understand the consequence in a game of moving</li> <li>In teams, make a rea word representation through</li> </ul>	
Session 2:	To understand that symbols in a legend represent real-world features and interpret a simple map & transfer their understanding to real-world concrete materials. (Year 1 Lesson 3)		<ul> <li>(key).</li> <li>Travel using different stipulations (running, skipp)</li> <li>Communicate with team members and throw acc</li> <li>Receive the ball with control.</li> </ul>	
	To develop passing and receiving in order to keep possession of the ball.		<ul> <li>Pass a ball towa etc).</li> <li>Pass the ball wit</li> <li>Understand the</li> </ul>	rds a target using our hands and u th control and look at our partner v meaning of, 'aiming'.
Session 3:		ering map symbols & match them to their real-world features. <mark>ar 1 Lesson 4)</mark>	<ul> <li>Compare map s</li> <li>As a group, com</li> <li>Dribble (bounce)</li> </ul>	eal-world feature that corresponds ymbols to images and determine w pplete a school grounds wall and co e) the ball with control?
Session 3:	To combine dribbling, passing and receiv	ing in order to keep possession of the ball.	<ul> <li>Receive the ball</li> <li>Pass a ball towa etc).</li> </ul>	round the space keeping away from with control. ands a target using our hands and us consequence in a game of moving
Session 4:	known features on the orienteering map	presentation of the school grounds. To begin to use to help navigate from the start to controls. Lesson 5)	<ul> <li>Understand and maps (of school</li> <li>Participate in ST</li> </ul>	discuss similarities and difference
	To develop dribbling in order to	keep possession and score a point.		e) the ball with control. e) the ball with one hand and two h







# y Vocabulary , shape, square, rectangle, circle, left, right, , centre, point, north, east, south, west, rdinal directions oponent, team, dribbling, chest pass will... gh copying a map and by using a legend rs. hands, with control. om the defenders. ng the ball close to the defenders. gh copying a map and by using a legend ping, galloping, hopping). curately to team members. use our bodies to aim (fingers, arms, feet when passing. ds with the number rolled. whether they match. count symbol features. om the defenders? use our bodies to aim (fingers, arms, feet ng the ball close to the defenders. ces between google map and orienteering

e school grounds using the map. cs an physical exercises.

hands, with control.





		<ul> <li>Move the ball around the space keeping away from</li> <li>As defenders, try to gain possession of the ball.</li> <li>As attackers, dribbling and pass into a scoring zone</li> </ul>
	To know the 4 cardinal directions and use these to complete challenges. (Year 2 Lesson 3)	<ul> <li>Understand and use the 4 cardinal directions (no instruct.</li> <li>In pairs, compete in scavenger hunts using cardinal directions (no instruct)</li> </ul>
Session 5:	To develop passing and receiving in order to keep possession and score a point.	<ul> <li>Receive the ball.</li> <li>Use their bodies to aim (fingers, arms, feet etc?) a</li> <li>Pass a ball towards a target using their hands and</li> <li>As attackers, pass the ball between defenders and</li> </ul>
Session 6:	To use known features on the orienteering map to navigate from the start to controls. To plot control points on the orienteering map accurately by making connections between the map and the real-world features. (Year 2 Lesson 5)	<ul> <li>Participate in STAR orienteering and navigate the susing the map.</li> <li>Complete STAR orienteering course and perform t exercises dictated on each marker.</li> <li>Plot the control points onto a blank map.</li> </ul>
Session 6.	To combine dribbling, passing and receiving in order to keep possession and score a point.	<ul> <li>Receive, pass and dribble the ball keeping away from Understand the consequence in a game of moving the defenders.</li> <li>To pass and move with increasing accuracy.</li> <li>Combine passing, moving, dribbling and receiving an endzone.</li> </ul>



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control.
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Assessment
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Pysical Educa Year 2	ation	ear 3 - Medium Term Planning door Adventurous Activities (		
	Prior Learning Links	Essential Knowledge & End		Кеу
To know the 4 cardinal directions and use these to complete outdoor challenges; To know more orienteering symbols; To use known features on the orienteering map to navigate from the start to controls. To understand that symbols in a legend represent real-world features		To understand holding and setting/orientating the learned in previous year group		STAR orienteering, SCORE, cont folding, line featu
ensure maximum speed. I defenders. Pupils can c	Yr2) Pupils can run applying the correct technique to Pupils can run/dodge and stay in a space avoiding the demonstrate a growing understanding of where to /dodge and when and why running fast/dodging is important in games.	Pupils will develop their passing and moving skills to and keep possession of the ball. Pupils will expl opponent. Pupils will apply an understanding of wh pass and move, in order to score a try. Pupils w importance of tagging.	ore how we tag an ere, when and why we	Attacker, defender, possession
	Knov	wledge		As Athletes, we w
	know the 4 cardinal direction	r understanding to real-world concrete materials. To is and use these to complete challenges. ear 2 Lesson 2)	<ul> <li>Using symbols and cardinal directions to instruct</li> <li>Work in teams to interpret symbol map and use it</li> <li>Compete in team races.</li> </ul>	
Session 1:	To introduce moving with the ball, passing and receiving in order to keep possession of the ball.		<ul> <li>Pass the ball using a swinging action and have their</li> <li>Pass and move with the ball to score a try.</li> <li>As attackers without the ball, keep behind the attac</li> <li>Understand their role when they are attacking and they are the ball carrier or not.</li> </ul>	
	To hold a simple map in both hands. To know how to set/orientate a simple map and keep it set whilst on the move. (Year 3 Lesson 1)			te a map. v setting an orientating it. o navigate routes and compete aga
Session 2:	To introduce tagging. Pupils will understand the purpose of tagging, when, where and why this is applied during a game.		<ul><li>the tag in the air</li><li>Show physically pitch or droppin</li></ul>	oply the correct tagging technique ( r and shout, "tag.") and cognitively that we understanc g the ball. staying on the pitch
Session 3:	To hold an orienteering map in both hands. To know how to set/orientate an orienteering map and keep it set whilst on the move. To use the legend to become familiar with features on an orienteering map. (Year 3 Lesson 3)		<ul> <li>Patriciate in a matching symbols relay.</li> <li>Play different games to practice setting and original original different games to practice setting and original difference of the school group of the school gro</li></ul>	
	To look at how attackers can create space, creating opportunities for the ball carrier to pass if they are tagged.		Combine passing	pt the correct tagging technique. g and moving to avoid the defender v being tagged can gain a free pass a
Session 4:	keep it set whilst on the move. To unde	now how to set/orientate an orienteering map and erstand the purpose of thumbing the map. Lesson 4)	<ul><li>Orientate the m</li><li>In small groups,</li></ul>	map journey following a route. ap and begin to thumb a map wher plan a map journey for partners to g 'hide and seek'.
			Adopt the corre	ct passing technique (swing pass wi







# **Vocabulary**

ntrol, thumbing, route choice, thumbing, tures, set, orient, orientate.

ion, dodge, try, tagging, tag, ball carrier.

#### will...

and follow. to create a real-world representation.

eir hands ready to receive the ball.

tacker with the ball. d how this varies according to whether

gainst others.

e (Take the tag. Stop and stand still. Hold

nd the consequences of running off the

itating a map. urselves with locations on the map and

ler and score a try ss as opposed to losing possession of the

en following a route. to follow.

with their hands following the pass).



	To develop passing and moving forwards to score a try.	<ul> <li>Pass the ball (backwards only) whilst moving forwards only) whilst moving forwards</li> <li>As attackers without the ball, keep behind the attaction the ball, keep in front of their teammates when ru</li> <li>Successfully tag and pass in a game.</li> </ul>
	To set / orientate the orienteering map at the start using known features. To keep the orienteering map set / orientated whilst on the move. To understand STAR orienteering. (Year 3 Lesson 5)	<ul> <li>Work in pairs to participate in STAR orienteering.</li> <li>Navigate whilst orientating and thumbing a map.</li> <li>Think about planning the quickest route to marker</li> <li>Compete in a STAR orienteering activity.</li> </ul>
Session 5:	To combine passing and moving to create attacking opportunities to score a try. To develop their understanding of when, where and why they need to create space when they are attacking.	<ul> <li>Combine passing and moving to score a try and de</li> <li>As attackers without the ball, keep behind the atta the ball, keep in front of their team mates when ru</li> <li>As attackers without the ball, support the ball carri</li> <li>Understand when, where and why they need to ta</li> </ul>
Session 6:	To set / orientate the orienteering map at the start using known features. To keep the orienteering map set / orientated whilst on the move. To understand SCORE orienteering. (Year 3 Lesson 6)	<ul> <li>In pairs, use the fitness course in a STAR relay.</li> <li>Understand an participate in SCORE orienteering a</li> <li>Travel around a course whilst setting and thumbin</li> <li>Compete in pairs and in teams on a SCORE oriente</li> <li>Plan routes to complete a course in the quickest ti</li> </ul>
	To bring together the suggested sequence of learning into a level 1 tournament.	<ul> <li>Work as a team to team apply their understanding and tagging to score a try in a small-sided game.</li> <li>Be tagged to gain a free pass as opposed to losing and pass the ball (backwards only) whilst moving f try.</li> </ul>





wards to score a try. ttacker with the ball and as attackers with running with the ball.

ers using the map.

defend by tagging in mini-games. ttacker with the ball and as attackers with running with the ball. arrier and are ready to receive a pass. tag.

gactivities.
ing the map.
teering course.
time.

ng of passing, moving

ng possession of the ball g forwards to score a

Assessment opportunity



Pysical Educat Year 2	tion	ear 4 - Medium Term Planning Rugby & <mark>Outdoor Adventuro</mark>		
To know the 4 cardinal challenges; To know more of orienteering map to navig symbols in a legend represe	Prior Learning Links I directions and use these to complete outdoor prienteering symbols; To use known features on the gate from the start to controls. To understand that ent real-world features. To understand holding and etting/orientating the map	Essential Knowledge & End To consolidate knowledge of setting and orientatin this into folding and thumbing when orienteering. SCORE, STAR and questions lead to answers or	g the map and develop Compete confidently in	Key start, set, fold, thumb, STAR a
and keep possession of the can apply an understandi	passing and moving skills to outwit their opponents ball. Pupils know how we tag an opponent. Pupils ng of where, when and why we pass and move, in Pupils understand the importance of tagging.	Pupils will be able to apply a secure understanding create space and score. Pupils will apply tagging t scoring. Pupils will demonstrate a growing understa between attack and defence, understanding when a skills.	o prevent an attacker anding of the difference	Space, attacker, defender, forw
	Кпоч	vledge		As Athletes, we v
Session 1:	keep it set whilst on the move. To use the legend m	now how to set/orientate an orienteering map and to become familiar with features on an orienteering nap. Lesson 3)	<ul> <li>Play different ga</li> <li>Move around the features of our setures of our setures.</li> </ul>	natching symbols relay. Tames to practice setting and orient the school grounds to familiarise ou school grounds. This and work collaboratively.
	To develop passing and moving to create space to beat an opponent and score a try.		<ul> <li>Be tagged to gain a free pass as opposed to losing</li> <li>Pass the ball (backwards only) whilst moving forware the ball, keep behind the attacker with the ball.</li> <li>Work as a team to team apply our understanding of As an attacker with the ball, keep in front of our team.</li> </ul>	
	To know how to set / orientate a simple map using known features. To apply the folding and thumbing techniques. (Year 4 Lesson 1)		<ul><li>Follow routes w</li><li>Navigate routes</li></ul>	ls of setting, folding and thumbing hilst setting, folding and thumbing and add up numbers to find an an petitions with an aim of finishing
Session 2:	To extend pupils' understanding and knowledge of passing and moving applying this into 3v3 mini games.		<ul> <li>Be tagged to gain a free pass as opposed to losing</li> <li>Pass the ball (backwards only) whilst moving forw the ball, keep behind the attacker with the ball.</li> <li>As a team to team apply their understanding of pagames.</li> <li>Understand when, where and why we need to tag</li> </ul>	
Session 3:	tech	g known features. To apply the folding and thumbing niques. <b>Lesson 3)</b>	<ul> <li>Thumb a map co</li> <li>Follow routes th</li> <li>Compete in orie</li> </ul>	
		ferent ways the defending team can prevent the ers from scoring.	<ul> <li>Tag correctly (Ta the tag back to Move towards t</li> </ul>	ake the tag, Stop and stand still, Ho







# y Vocabulary and SCORE orienteering, strategy, relay, ward pass, offside, dodge, try, tagging, tag. will... ntating a map. ourselves with locations on the map and ng possession of the ball. wards to score a try and as attackers without g of passing and moving to score a try. team members when running with the ball. ng using maps. ng a map. answer. g in the quickest time. ng possession of the ball. wards to score a try and as attackers without passing and moving to score a try in 3v3 mini an area. pairs. g a try. Hold the tag in the air and shout 'tag', give

space eady to support them when tagging.



	To apply the skills of setting, folding and thumbing the map whilst orienteering. To understand STAR orienteering. (Year 4 Lesson 4)	<ul> <li>Navigate the school grounds and conduct a map jo thumbing a map.</li> <li>Compete in a STAR relay activity.</li> <li>Complete fitness tasks at each marker.</li> </ul>
Session 4:	To apply their understanding and knowledge from suggested sequence of learning from lesson 3 into mini games.	<ul> <li>Understand the consequence of not tagging an att scoring a try.</li> <li>Tag correctly (Take the tag, Stop and stand still, Ho the tag back to the attacker).</li> <li>Move towards the attacker and close down the sp Position ourselves in space behind our partner readers.</li> </ul>
Session 5:	To apply the skills of setting, folding and thumbing the map whilst orienteering. To understand SCORE orienteering and apply a strategy to increase speed. (Year 4 Lesson 5) To combine passing and moving to develop ways of creating space to beat an opponent to score a try.	<ul> <li>Set, fold and thumb a map whilst orienteering.</li> <li>Compete effectively in a SCORE orienteering event</li> <li>Navigate a new course recording the letters.</li> <li>Work as a team to team apply their understanding 4v3 and 4v4 mini games.</li> <li>Pass the ball (backwards only) whilst moving forwarthe ball, keep behind the attacker with the ball.</li> <li>As attackers, support the ball carrier, ready to recerchoose a suitable position after the ball carrier has</li> </ul>
Session 6:	To apply the skills of setting, folding and thumbing the map whilst orienteering. To become more knowledgeable on the sport of orienteering. (Year 4 Lesson 6)	<ul> <li>Set, fold and thumb a map whilst orienteering.</li> <li>Compete in a STAR Relay - Fitness Course.</li> <li>Play a 'questions lead to answers' orienteering coufacts about orienteering.</li> <li>In teams of 5, complete a SCORE team challenge.</li> <li>Work as a team to team apply their understanding and moving to score a try.</li> </ul>
	To bring together the suggested sequence of learning into a level 1 tournament.	<ul> <li>Understand the consequence of not tagging an att prevent the attackers from scoring a try.</li> <li>Tag correctly (Take the tag, Stop and stand still, Ho the air and shout 'tag', give the tag back to the atta</li> <li>Move towards the attacker and close down the sp</li> <li>Position ourselves in space behind our partner rea them when tagging.</li> </ul>





journey to practise folding, orientating and		
attacker and preve	ent the attackers from	
Hold the tag in the	e air and shout 'tag', give	
space		
eady to support the	hem when tagging.	
ent using a strateg	y.	
ng of passing and	moving to score a try in	
wards to score a t	ry and as attackers without	
eceive a potential		
is been tagged rea	idy to receive a pass.	
ourse to learn		
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ttacker and opportunity		
Hold the tag in		
ttacker).		
space eady to support		
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Pysical Educa Year 2	ation	ear 5 - Medium Term Planning door Adventurous Activities (		
Prior Learning Links To consolidate knowledge of setting and orientating the map and develop this into folding and thumbing when orienteering. Compete confidently in SCORE, STAR and questions lead to answers orienteering courses. Pupils have applied a secure understanding of passing, moving to create space and score. Pupils will apply tagging to prevent an attacker scoring. Pupils can demonstrate a growing understanding of the difference between attack and defence, understanding when and why to apply certain skills.		Essential Knowledge & End To consolidate knowledge of setting and orientating this into folding and thumbing when orienteering. O SCORE, STAR and questions lead to answers orie participate in point-to-point orienteering and design Pupils will be able to pass and move accurately and be able to switch fluidly between attack and def changes. Pupils will consolidate their understand between attack and defence, understanding when a skills.	g the map and develop Compete confidently in nteering courses. To n point-to-point course. I consistently. They will fence as possession ling of the difference	Key Control flow, map memory, th SCORE orien Tactics, transition, outwit, of interco
	Кпоч	wledge		As Athletes, we
Session 1:	orien	ng the map whilst orienteering. To understand STAR teering. Lesson 4)	<ul><li>thumbing a map</li><li>Compete in a ST</li><li>Complete fitnes</li></ul>	nool grounds and conduct a map jo o. FAR relay activity. s tasks at each marker. Inderstanding of passing and movi
	To refine passing and moving to create an attack that results in a try.		<ul><li>Pass and move a</li><li>Release the ball</li><li>Begin to apply t</li></ul>	accurately and consistently and pa quickly and accurately once we ha he offside rule to minigames. ck, which results in a try
	To apply the skills of setting, folding and thumbing the map whilst orienteering. To understand SCORE orienteering and apply a strategy to increase speed. (Year 4 Lesson 5)		Compete effecti	umb a map whilst orienteering. ively in a SCORE orienteering even course recording the letters.
Session 2:	To explore different passing styles (miss pass), which can be used to outwit defenders to score a try. To learn how to execute a miss pass understanding where, when and why this pass is used in a game.		<ul><li>attacker)</li><li>Pass and move a</li><li>Perform a miss</li></ul>	miss pass (receiving a pass from t accurately and consistently and pro pass and score a try in mini games. I carrier receive a pass when they a
Session 3:	To orienteer efficiently recapping the skills of: holding the map in both hands; setting/orientating the map; folding and thumbing the map to maintain position. To understand point-to-point orienteering (also known as classic orienteering and linear orienteering). (Year 5 Lesson 1) To explore different passing styles (loop pass), which can be used to outwit defenders to score a try. To execute a loop pass understanding where, when and why this pass is used in a game.		<ul> <li>Use the perman</li> <li>Participate in po</li> <li>Apply the skills of thumbing the m</li> <li>Compete in a he</li> <li>Learn to apply a them after initia</li> <li>Perform a loop point</li> <li>Show refined un another team.</li> </ul>	ent course in a STAR orienteering bint-to-point orienteering in pairs. of holding the map in both hands; hap to maintain position. ead-to-head fitness course in team loop pass (Running behind the su ally passing the ball to them). pass and score a try and pass and r inderstanding of passing, moving ar







# ey Vocabulary

thumbing, setting, orientating, STAR and enteering, point-to-point

offside, loop pass, miss pass, possession, rcept, tag, tagging

#### e will...

journey to practise folding, orientating and

ving to score a try. bass and move to create a successful attack. have been tagged.

ent using a strategy.

the ball carrier that has missed out another

produce an attack, which results in a try. es.

y are running at speed.

g warm up.

s; setting/orientating the map; folding and

ms (STAR).

supporting player to receive a pass from

d move accurately and consistently. and creating space to score a try against

pass during a game



	To understand the concept of map memory and control flow and apply these skills when orienteering. To understand point-to-point orienteering (also known as classic orienteering and linear orienteering). (Year 5 Lesson 2)	<ul> <li>Complete a point-to-point orienteering course, app flow through controls.</li> <li>Work with peers collaboratively.</li> <li>Time and score in teams.</li> </ul>
Session 4:	To refine pupils' understanding of how we defend in tag rugby. To learn why it is important to work as a team when tagging and why it is important to reduce the space and apply pressure to the attackers to prevent scoring opportunities.	<ul> <li>As defenders, learn to work together to tag the att</li> <li>Adopt our formation after a tag has been made an team and stop the attack.</li> <li>Reduce the space, applying pressure to the attacke</li> <li>Apply the above defending skills into mini games.</li> </ul>
Session 5:	To understand the concept of map memory and control flow and apply these skills when orienteering. To understand point-to-point orienteering (also known as classic orienteering and linear orienteering). (Year 5 Lesson 5)	<ul> <li>Complete a point-to-point orienteering course, app flow through controls.</li> <li>Work with peers collaboratively.</li> <li>Time and score in teams.</li> </ul>
	To develop an understanding of basic defending tactics and formations, which can be applied to prevent the attackers from scoring.	<ul> <li>As defenders, 'step back' adopting a defensive line</li> <li>Apply a refined understanding of defending prever</li> <li>Reduce the space applying pressure to the attacke</li> <li>Apply the offside rule.</li> </ul>
	To design a point-to-point orienteering course. To understand the concept of map memory and control flow and apply these skills when orienteering. (Year 5 Lesson 6)	<ul> <li>Design a point-to-point orienteering course.</li> <li>Apply the skill of map memory in order to flow three Complete others pupil's point-to-point maps.</li> <li>Work with peers collaboratively.</li> <li>Time and score course to compete against others.</li> </ul>
Session 6:	To bring together the suggested sequence of learning into a level 1 tournament.	<ul> <li>Play small-sided games applying their knowledge a of attacking and defending in tag rugby and apply the Apply a refined understanding of defending, preve from scoring a try and 'step back' adopting a defendation tag has been made.</li> <li>Support the ball carrier and receive the ball at speed move to create a successful attack. Including loop a successful attack.</li> </ul>





applying the skill of map memory in order to		
attackers to prevent th and organise themselv		
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ckers when they are de s.	tending.	
applying the skill of ma	p memory in order to	
ne once a tag has been venting attackers from		
kers when they are def		
hrough controls.		
ſS.	Assessment	
e and understanding	opportunity	
ly the offside rule.	-pp-:,	
venting attackers		
fensive line once a		
peed and pass and		
p and miss passes.		

Pysical Educa	ation	ear 6 - Medium Term Planning	-	
Year 3 Prior Learning Links To consolidate knowledge of setting and orientating the map and develop this into folding and thumbing when orienteering. Compete confidently in SCORE, STAR and questions lead to answers orienteering courses. To participate in point-to-point orienteering and design point-to-point course.		Rugby & Outdoor Adventuro Essential Knowledge & End To consolidate knowledge of setting and orientation this into folding and thumbing when orienteering. SCORE, STAR and questions lead to answers orie participate in point-to-point orienteering and design To know how to take compass bearings and to co solve orienteering challenges	Points g the map and develop Compete confidently in Inteering courses. To n point-to-point course. Ilaborate as a team to S.	Key SCORE orienteering, Point-to- thumbing, trust, safety, con empath
switch fluidly between at consolidated their un	e accurately and consistently. They have learnt how to ttack and defence as possession changes. Pupils have derstanding of the difference between attack and tanding when and why to apply certain skills.	Pupils will apply a refined understanding of the sl attacking and defending. Pupils will switch fluidly defence as possession changes. Pupils will demonstr problem solving skills by creating a range of attackin applying these to their games	v between attack and rate resourcefulness and og and defending tactics,	Tactics, transition, offside, knoc
	Кпоч	wledge		As Athletes, we
Section 1:	orien	ng the map whilst orienteering. To understand STAR teering. Lesson 4)	<ul> <li>Navigate the school grounds and conduct a thumbing a map.</li> <li>Compete in a STAR relay activity.</li> <li>Complete fitness tasks at each marker.</li> </ul>	
Session 1:	To consolidate pupils' ability to use passing and moving to create attacking opportunities to score a try from previous learning.		<ul> <li>Combine our understanding of passing and moving</li> <li>Collaborate to create effective attacking tactics in t</li> <li>Release the ball quickly and accurately once they h</li> <li>Support the ball carrier receive a pass when they a</li> </ul>	
Session 2:	To apply the skills of setting, folding and thumbing the map whilst orienteering. To understand SCORE orienteering and apply a strategy to increase speed. (Year 4 Lesson 5)		Compete effect	umb a map whilst orienteering. ively in a SCORE orienteering event course recording the letters.
	To consolidate defending and refine their knowledge of tagging and defensive formations, which can be used to prevent an attack. To develop their understanding of why it is important to reduce the space and apply pressure to the attackers to prevent scoring opportunities.		<ul> <li>Collaborate to create and apply effective defending their formation after a tag has been made.</li> <li>As defenders, learn to work together to tag the att</li> <li>Reduce the space applying pressure to the attacke</li> <li>Officiate their games applying the rules fairly and a</li> </ul>	
Session 3:	To orienteer efficiently recapping the skills of: holding the map in both hands; setting/orientating the map; folding and thumbing the map to maintain position. To understand point-to-point orienteering (also known as classic orienteering and linear orienteering). (also known as classic orienteering and linear orienteering). (Year 5 Lesson 1)		<ul> <li>Participate in po</li> <li>Apply the skills of thumbing the m</li> </ul>	ent course in a STAR orienteering. pint-to-point orienteering in pairs. of holding the map in both hands; s nap to maintain position. ead-to-head fitness course in teams
	To consolidate the pupils understanding of attacking tactics, applying them into game situations. To apply their prior learning of passing and moving, to create an attack that results in a try.		<ul> <li>Collaborate to create effective attacking and defer</li> <li>Show refined understanding of passing, moving an another team. (Understanding when to use loop a</li> <li>Support the ball carrier receive a pass when they a</li> <li>Pass and move accurately and consistently and pro-</li> </ul>	







# y Vocabulary

o-point, STAR orienteering, relay, folding, ommunication, encourage, cooperation, thy, encouragement

ock on, advantage, loop pass, miss pass, tag, tagging.

### will...

journey to practise folding, orientating and

ng to score a try. n their teams. / have been tagged. / are running at speed.

nt using a strategy.

ing tactics in their teams and quickly adopt

attackers. Kers when they are defending. d apply the offside rule consistently.

g. s. s; setting/orientating the map; folding and

ms (STAR).

ending tactics in their teams. and creating space to score a try against and miss passes). are running at speed. produce an attack, which results in a try.



Session 4:	To know how to use a compass and how to take a bearing. To know when it's appropriate to use a compass. <b>(Year 6 Lesson 1)</b> To consolidate the pupils' understanding of defensive tactics, applying them into game situations and to apply their prior learning of defending to prevent attacking opportunities.	<ul> <li>Hold a compass.</li> <li>Use a compass to take a bearing.</li> <li>Learn how to take a bearing on practice maps/area</li> <li>Participate in STAR orienteering to practise compase</li> <li>Collaborate to create effective attacking and defen</li> <li>Quickly adopt our formation after a tag has been m team and stop the attack.</li> <li>Suggest tactics/strategies to help their team defend</li> <li>Demonstrate a secure knowledge of the rules.</li> </ul>
Session 5:	To know how to use a compass. To know when it's appropriate to use a compass. (Year 6 Lesson 2)	<ul> <li>Hold a compass and use a compass to take a bearin</li> <li>Participate in STAR Orienteering Compass Bearings</li> <li>Participate in Point-to-Point Orienteering Compass</li> <li>Collaborate to create effective attacking and defen</li> </ul>
Jession J.	To consolidate attacking and defending in games of tag rugby.	<ul> <li>taught in the previous two sessions.</li> <li>Understand our role and apply this role effectively</li> <li>Demonstrate a secure knowledge of the rules.</li> <li>Officiate the games and suggest ways for our teams game situations.</li> </ul>
	To work together to complete outdoor & adventurous activities which require communication, cooperation, trust and empathy. To apply appropriate orienteering skills. (Year 6 Lesson 4 or 5)	<ul> <li>Communicate, cooperate and act to instil confidence</li> <li>Apply orienteering skills to complete the challenges</li> <li>Participate in either blindfolded / transporting tasks orienteering.</li> </ul>
Session 6:	To bring together the suggested sequence of learning into a level 1 tournament.	<ul> <li>Play 7v7 min games and apply the skills taught in games.</li> <li>Officiate the games and organise our own teams to defending.</li> <li>Demonstrate a secure knowledge of the rules.</li> <li>Apply a refined understanding of passing, moving score a try against another team.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Apply a refined understanding of defending, using and reducing space when applying pressure to atta</li> </ul>





eas. bass bearing on a larger scale.				
ending tactics in their tear made and organise ourse				
end successfully.				
ring. Igs task. Iss Bearings task.				
ending tactics in our team	s using the skills			
ly with the game.				
ms to improve defending	and attacking in			
ence in one another. ges. sks when STAR or SCORE				
in the whole unit to the	Assessment			
to improve attacking and	opportunity			
ng and creating space to				
ng a defensive formation ttackers.				

